



# Pabitra Sir Classes

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## Indices and Surds

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1.  $\left(\frac{64}{25}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} = ?$  a)  $\frac{125}{215}$  b)  $\frac{125}{512}$  c)  $\frac{125}{72}$  d) none of these
2.  $(0.001)^{\frac{1}{3}} = ?$  a) 0.1 b) 0.01 c) 1.1 d) None of these
3. If  $27^x = \frac{9}{3^x}$ , then the value of  $x$  is a) 1/2 b) 1 c) 3/2 d) None of these
4. The value of  $\frac{5^n + 5^{n-1}}{5^{n+1} - 5^n} = ?$  a) 0.1 b) 0.2 c) 0.3 d) None of these
5. If  $2^{x-7} \times 5^{x-4} = 1250$ , then  $x = ?$  a) 2 b) 4 c) 6 d) 8
6.  $\frac{x^{a(b-c)}}{x^{b(a-c)}} \div \left(\frac{x^b}{x^a}\right)^c = ?$  a) 1 b) 2 c) 3 d) None of these
7.  $\frac{(x^{a+b})^2 (x^{b+c})^2 (x^{c+a})^2}{(x^a x^b x^c)^4} = 1$  a) 1 b) 2 c) 3 d) None of these
8. Find the value of  $x$ , if  $5^{x-3} \cdot 3\sqrt{2x-8} = 225$  a) 3 b) 4 c) 5 d) None of these
9. If  $K = \sqrt[3]{54} + \sqrt[3]{128} + \sqrt[3]{250} - \sqrt[3]{16}$ ,  
Then the value of  $K = ?$  a) 10 b)  $10(3)^{\frac{1}{3}}$   
c)  $10(2)^{\frac{1}{3}}$  d) None of the above
10. Square root of  $15 + 4\sqrt{14} = ?$  a)  $\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{9}$  b)  $\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{8}$   
c)  $\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{5}$  d) None of the above
11. Square root of  $\sqrt{50} + \sqrt{48} = ?$  a)  $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}$  b)  $(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})2^{\frac{1}{4}}$   
c)  $\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})$  d) None of these
12.  $\frac{5\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{3} - 3\sqrt{2}} = ?$  a)  $42 + 19\sqrt{6}$  b)  $\frac{42 + 19\sqrt{6}}{-6}$   
c)  $42 - 19\sqrt{6}$  d) None of these
13. The value of  $\frac{11}{4 - \sqrt{5}} = ?$  a)  $4 - \sqrt{5}$  b)  $2 + \sqrt{5}$   
c)  $4 + \sqrt{5}$  d) None of these

14.  $x = 7 - 4\sqrt{3}$ , then the value of  $\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = ?$       a) 7    b) -7    c) 4    d) -4
15. Which of the following is greatest  $\sqrt[3]{2}, 2\sqrt[3]{4}, 2\sqrt{3}$     a)  $\sqrt[3]{2}$     b)  $2\sqrt[3]{4}$     c)  $2\sqrt{3}$     d) None
16. If  $x = 2 + 2^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2^{\frac{2}{3}}$ , then  $x^3 - 6x^2 + 6x + 2 = ?$       a) 0    b) 2    c) 4    d) 8
17. If  $\frac{4+3\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{7+4\sqrt{3}}} = a + \sqrt{b}$ , then  $(a, b) = ?$       a) (12, 1)    b) (1, 12)  
c) (-1, 12)    d) (-12, 1)
18. The value of  $\frac{\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{16+6\sqrt{7}} - \sqrt{16-6\sqrt{7}}}$  is      a) 0    b) 1/2    c) 1    d) 2
19. If  $a^{x-1} = bc, b^{y-1} = ca$  and  $c^{z-1} = ab$ , then  $xy + yz + zx = ?$   
a) 0    b) 1    c) xyz    d) 1/x
20. If  $2^x = 3^y = 12^z$ , then  $\frac{1}{z} - \frac{1}{y} = ?$   
a) 2/x    b) 1/x    c) -1/x    d) -2/x

## Answers with Solutions

1.  $\left(\frac{64}{25}\right)^{-\frac{3}{2}} = ?$

Solution:(B)  $\left(\frac{64}{25}\right)^{-\frac{3}{2}} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{64}{25}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} = \left(\frac{25}{64}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} = \left[\left(\frac{5}{8}\right)^2\right]^{\frac{3}{2}} = \left(\frac{5}{8}\right)^3 = \frac{125}{512}$

2.  $(0.001)^{\frac{1}{3}} = ?$

Solution:(A)  $(0.001)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \left(\frac{1}{1000}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \left(\left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^3\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{1}{10} = 0.1$

3. If  $27^x = \frac{9}{3^x}$ , then the value of  $x$  is

Solution:(A) *Given expression*

$$27^x = \frac{9}{3^x}$$

$$(3^3)^x \times 3^x = 9$$

$$3^{4x} = 3^2 \rightarrow 4x = 2 \rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2}$$

4. The value of  $\frac{5^n + 5^{n-1}}{5^{n+1} - 5^n} = ?$

Solution:(C)  $\frac{5^n + 5^{n-1}}{5^{n+1} - 5^n} = \frac{5^{n-1}(5+1)}{5^n(5-1)} = \frac{5^{n-1} \times 6}{5^n \times 4} = \frac{5^n \times 5^{-1} \times 6}{5^n \times 4} = \frac{6}{5 \times 4} = \frac{3}{10} = 0.3$

5. If  $2^{x-7} \times 5^{x-4} = 1250$ , then  $x = ?$

Solution:(D) *The given expression*  $2^{x-7} \times 5^{x-4} = \frac{2^x}{2^7} \times \frac{5^x}{5^4} = 1250$

$$\rightarrow \frac{(10)^x}{(10)^4 \times 2^3} = 1250 \rightarrow \frac{(10)^x}{(10)^4} = 10000 \rightarrow (10)^{x-4} = (10)^4 \rightarrow x - 4 = 4 \rightarrow x = 8$$

6.  $\frac{x^{a(b-c)}}{x^{b(a-c)}} \div \left(\frac{x^b}{x^a}\right)^c = ?$

Solution:(A)  $\frac{x^{ab-ac}}{x^{ab-ac}} + \frac{x^{bc}}{x^{ac}} = x^{ab-ac-ab+ac} \times \frac{x^{ac}}{x^{bc}} = \frac{x^{bc}}{x^{ac}} \times \frac{x^{ac}}{x^{bc}} = 1$

$$7. \frac{(x^{a+b})^2(x^{b+c})^2(x^{c+a})^2}{(x^a x^b x^c)^4} = 1$$

Solution:(C)  $\frac{(x^{2a+2b})(x^{2b+2c})(x^{2c+2a})}{x^{4a} \times x^{4b} \times x^{4c}} = \frac{x^{4a} x^{4b} x^{4c}}{x^{4a} x^{4b} x^{4c}} = 1$

8. Find the value of x, if  $5^{x-3} \cdot 3\sqrt{2x-8} = 225$

Solution:(C)  $5^{x-3} \times 3^{2x-8} = 225$   
 $5^{x-3} \times 3^{2x-8} = 5^2 \times 3^2$   
 $x - 3 = 2 \text{ and } 2x - 8 = 2$

In case of x=5

9. If  $K = \sqrt[3]{54} + \sqrt[3]{128} + \sqrt[3]{250} - \sqrt[3]{16}$ , then the value of K=?

Given expression  $\sqrt[3]{2}[\sqrt[3]{27} + \sqrt[3]{64} + \sqrt[3]{125} - \sqrt[3]{8}]$   
 $= \sqrt[3]{2}[(27)^{\frac{1}{3}} + (64)^{\frac{1}{3}} + (125)^{\frac{1}{3}} - (8)^{\frac{1}{3}}]$   
 $= \sqrt[3]{2}[3 + 4 + 5 - 2] = \sqrt[3]{2}[10] = (10)(2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \quad (\text{Option C})$

10. Square root of  $15+4\sqrt{14}=?$

Solution:(B)  $\sqrt{15 + 4\sqrt{14}} = \sqrt{15 + 2\sqrt{56}} = \sqrt{15 + 2\sqrt{8 \times 7}} = \sqrt{(\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{8})^2} = \sqrt{7} + \sqrt{8}$

11. Square root of  $\sqrt{50} + \sqrt{48}=?$

Solution:(B)  $\sqrt{\sqrt{50} + \sqrt{48}} = \sqrt{\sqrt{2}(5 + 2\sqrt{6})} = \sqrt{\sqrt{2}(5 + 2\sqrt{2 \times 3})}$   
 $= 2^{\frac{1}{4}} \times \sqrt{(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})^2} = 2^{\frac{1}{4}} \times (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}) = (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})2^{\frac{1}{4}}$

12.  $\frac{5\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{3}-3\sqrt{2}}=?$

Solution:(B) 
$$\frac{5\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{3}-3\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{2\sqrt{3}+3\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{3}+3\sqrt{2}} = \frac{30+1\sqrt{6}+4\sqrt{6}+1}{(2\sqrt{3})^2-(3\sqrt{2})^2}$$

$$= \frac{42+19\sqrt{6}}{12-18} = \frac{42+19\sqrt{6}}{-6}$$

13. The value of  $\frac{11}{4-\sqrt{5}} = ?$

Solution:(C) 
$$\frac{11}{4-\sqrt{5}} = \frac{11}{4-\sqrt{5}} \times \frac{4+\sqrt{5}}{4+\sqrt{5}} = \frac{11(4+\sqrt{5})}{16-5} = 4 + \sqrt{5}$$

14. If  $x = 7 - 4\sqrt{3}$ , then the value of  $\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = ?$

Solution:(C) Given  $x=7-4\sqrt{3}$   

$$x + \frac{1}{x} = (7 - 4\sqrt{3}) + \frac{1}{7-4\sqrt{3}} = 7 - 4\sqrt{3} + 7 + 4\sqrt{3} = 14$$

15. Which of the following is greatest  $\sqrt[3]{2}, 2\sqrt[3]{4}, 2\sqrt{3}$

Solution(C) 
$$\sqrt[3]{2}, 2\sqrt[3]{4}, 2\sqrt{3}$$

$$\rightarrow \sqrt[3]{2}, \sqrt[3]{32}, \sqrt{12}$$

LCM of 3 and 2 is 6.

$$\sqrt[3]{2} = 2^{\frac{1}{3}} = 2^{\frac{2}{6}} = \sqrt[6]{2^2} = \sqrt[6]{4}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{32} = (32)^{\frac{1}{3}} = (32)^{\frac{2}{6}} = \sqrt[6]{(32)^2} = \sqrt[6]{1024}$$

$$\sqrt{12} = (12)^{\frac{1}{2}} = (12)^{\frac{3}{6}} = \sqrt[6]{(12)^3} = \sqrt[6]{1728}$$

$\therefore$  Greatest among all is  $\sqrt[6]{1728} = \sqrt{12} = 2\sqrt{3}$

16. If  $x = 2 + 2^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2^{\frac{2}{3}}$ , then  $x^3 - 6x^2 + 6x + 2 = ?$

Solution:(C) Given  $x = 2 + 2^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2^{\frac{2}{3}}$   

$$\rightarrow x - 2 = 2^{\frac{1}{3}}(1 + 2^{\frac{1}{3}}) \rightarrow (x - 2)^3 = 2(1 + 2^{\frac{1}{3}})^3$$

$$\rightarrow x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8 = 2[1 + 2 + 3 \times 2^{\frac{1}{3}}(1 + 2^{\frac{1}{3}})]$$

$$= 2[3 + 3(x - 2)] = 6x - 6$$

$$\rightarrow x^3 - 6x^2 + 6x - 2 = 0$$

$$\rightarrow x^3 - 6x^2 + 6x + 2 = 4$$

17. If  $\frac{4+3\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{7+4\sqrt{3}}} = a + \sqrt{b}$ , then  $(a, b) = ?$

Solution:(C) 
$$\frac{4+3\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{7+4\sqrt{3}}} = \frac{4+3\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{7+2\sqrt{12}}} = \frac{4+3\sqrt{3}}{2+\sqrt{3}} = \frac{(4+3\sqrt{3})(2-\sqrt{3})}{(2+\sqrt{3})(2-\sqrt{3})} = \frac{8-4\sqrt{3}+6\sqrt{3}-9}{4-3}$$

$$= 2\sqrt{3} - 1 = -1 + \sqrt{12}$$

18. The value of  $\frac{\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{16+6\sqrt{7}}-\sqrt{16-6\sqrt{7}}}$  is

Solution:(B) 
$$\sqrt{16+6\sqrt{7}} = \sqrt{16+2\sqrt{63}} = \sqrt{16+2\sqrt{9 \times 7}}$$

$$= \sqrt{9} + \sqrt{7} = 3 + \sqrt{7}$$

$$\sqrt{16-6\sqrt{7}} = \sqrt{16-2\sqrt{63}} = \sqrt{16-2\sqrt{9 \times 7}}$$

$$= \sqrt{9} - \sqrt{7} = 3 - \sqrt{7}$$

$$\text{Given expression} = \frac{\sqrt{7}}{(3+\sqrt{7})-(3-\sqrt{7})} = \frac{\sqrt{7}}{2\sqrt{7}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

19. If  $a^{x-1} = bc$ ,  $b^{y-1} = ca$  and  $c^{z-1} = ab$ , then  $xy + yz + zx = ?$

Solution:(C)  $a^{x-1} = bc \rightarrow a^x = abc \rightarrow b = (abc)^{\frac{1}{x}} \dots (1)$

$$b^{y-1} = ca \rightarrow b^y = abc \rightarrow b = (abc)^{\frac{1}{y}} \dots (2)$$

$$c^{z-1} = ab \rightarrow c^z = abc \rightarrow c = (abc)^{\frac{1}{z}} \dots (3)$$

Multiplying Eqs. (1), (2), (3)

$$(abc) = (abc)^{\frac{1}{x}}(abc)^{\frac{1}{y}}(abc)^{\frac{1}{z}} = (abc)^{\frac{1}{x}+\frac{1}{y}+\frac{1}{z}}$$

$$\rightarrow 1 = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z} \rightarrow xy + yz + zx = xyz$$

20. If  $2^x = 3^y = 12^z$ , then  $\frac{1}{z} - \frac{1}{y} = ?$

Solution:(A) Given  $3^y = 2^x \rightarrow 3 = 2^{\frac{x}{y}} \rightarrow 3^{\frac{1}{x}} = 2^{\frac{1}{y}} \dots (1)$

$$12^z = 2^x \rightarrow 12 = 2^{\frac{x}{z}} \rightarrow 12^{\frac{1}{z}} = 2^{\frac{1}{z}} \dots (2)$$

Dividing  $\frac{3^{\frac{1}{x}}}{12^{\frac{1}{z}}} = \frac{2^{\frac{1}{y}}}{2^{\frac{1}{z}}} = 2^{\frac{1}{y}-\frac{1}{z}}$

$$\rightarrow \frac{3^{\frac{1}{x}}}{3^{\frac{1}{x}} \times 4^{\frac{1}{z}}} = 2^{\frac{1}{y}-\frac{1}{z}} \rightarrow 2^{-\frac{2}{z}} = 2^{\frac{1}{y}-\frac{1}{z}}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{y} - \frac{1}{z} = -\frac{2}{z} \rightarrow \frac{1}{z} - \frac{1}{y} = \frac{2}{z}$$